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INTRODUCTION

- Water is a precious resource and without it life is not possible on earth.
- Water is getting polluted day by day due to excessive and careless use so the percent of available drinking water is reducing.
- There are many ways which causes water pollution and the effects of it are very harmful for all living and non living objects.

Water Pollution

 Water pollution can be defined as presence of solid, liquid or gaseous contaminants in such concentration that may alter the quality of water.

 Water pollution is defined as the addition to water of an excess material or heat that is harmful to the living organism or which impairs the beneficial use of water.

Pure form of water

Precipation- rain that comes in all different forms, depending on the temperature of the atmosphere - by m.g. and o.t. O



Causes of Water Pollution

The principal sources of water pollution resulting from exploration and production operations are:

- Domestic waste
- Sewage System
- 3. Solid Waste
- 4. Industrial Waste
- 5. Acid Rain
- 6. Oil Industry
- 7. Aquatic Plants

Causes of water pollution 1. Domestic waste

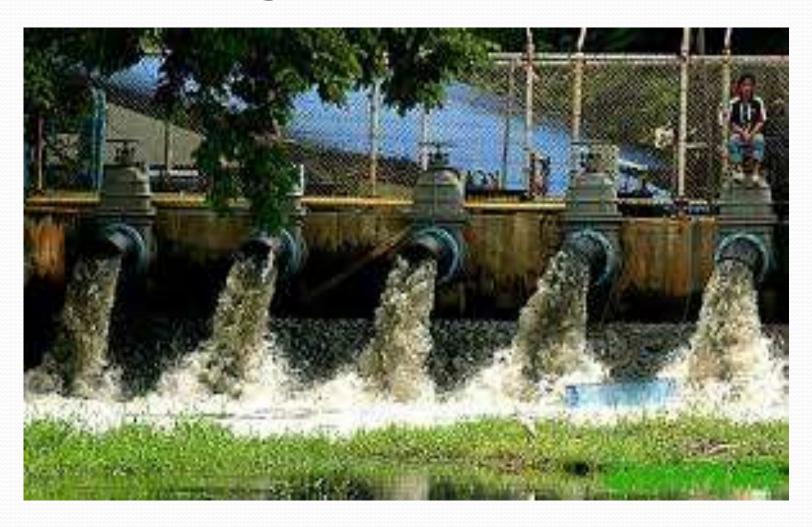
Dumping of household waste into water.







Causes of water pollution 2. Sewage waste



Causes of water pollution 3. Solid waste



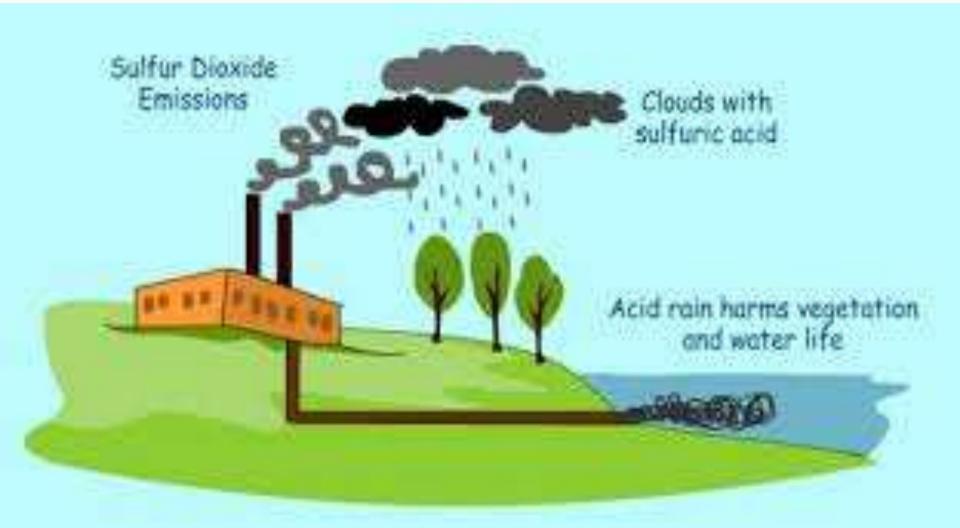
- Solid waste causes blockage in flow of water.
- It causes water as well as air pollution.
- Polythene is the main solid waste.

Causes of water pollution 4. Industrial waste



• Industrial waste containing paper waste, rubber, metallic, aluminium waste etc. is drawn directly into water which pollutes water.

Causes of water pollution 5. ACID RAIN



Causes of water pollution 6. Oil Industry







Causes of water pollution 5. Aquatic Plants

- Water hyacinth, an aquatic plant causes pollution in water.
- It is long leaved plant which grows faster in water bodies and absorbs all essential nutrients from water which is fetal for marine organisms.
- It is also known as 'Terror of Bengal' due to its abundance.



Causes of Water Pollution 6.Religious means



1. Death of aquatic organisms



2. Rivers are changed into dustbin



3. Shortage of drinking water



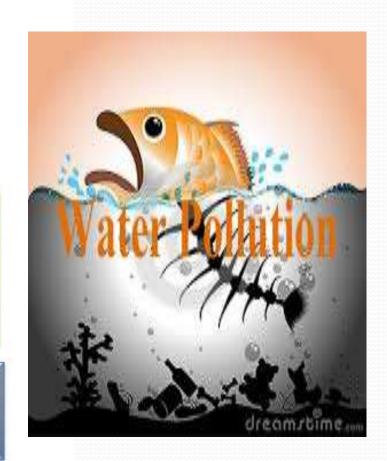
4. Increase in BOD





The biochemical oxygen demand is defined as the 'measure of dissolve oxygen require to decompose the organic matter in water biologically.

Pure water has < 1ppm Polluted water >5ppm



CONTROL OF WATER POLLUTION



Stabilization of ecosystem



Using water hyacinth to remove water pollutants



Using chemical methods

- a. Ion exchange
- b. Reverse osmosis
- c. Precipitation
- d. Coagulation



Cooling methods

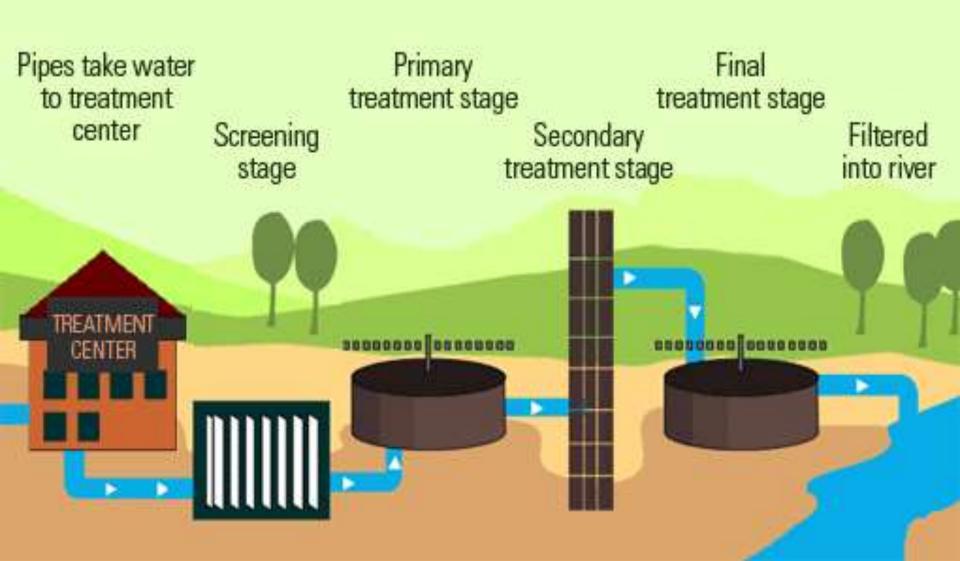


Recycling, Renovation, Recharge and Reuse of waste water.

Control measures 1. Stabilisation of ecosystem

- Reduction of waste at source
- Burying of organic waste
- Fish management
- Proper use of water

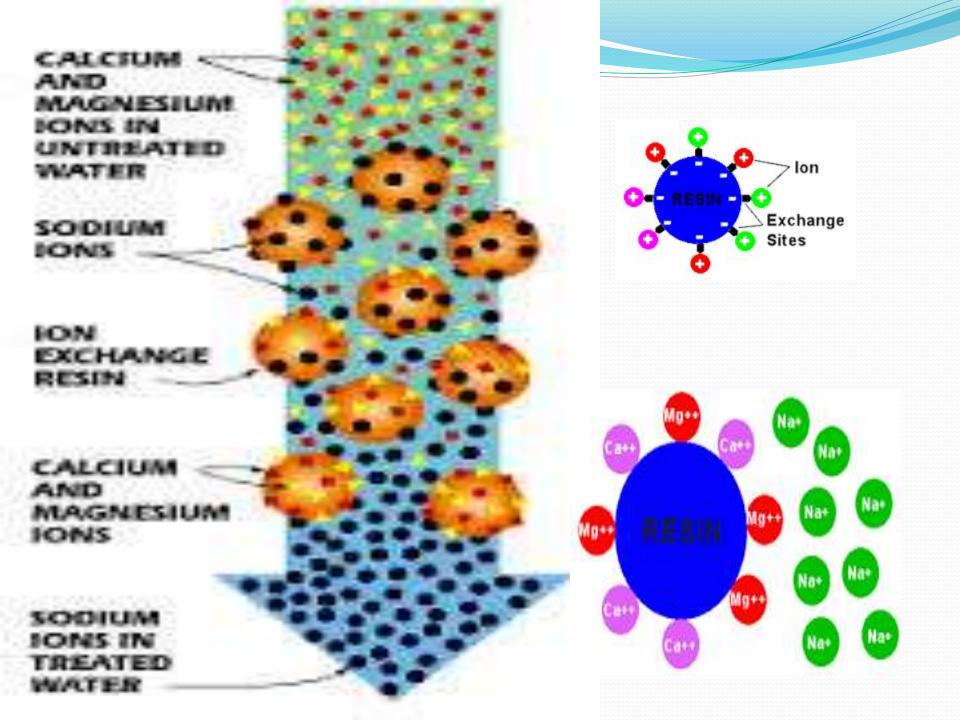
2. Sewage Treatment Plant



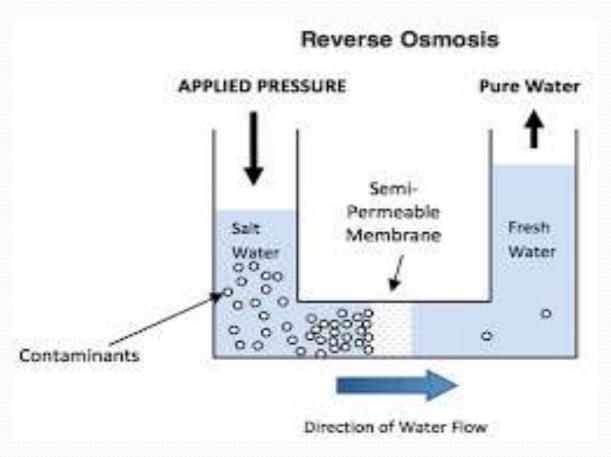
3.Ion Exchange Method

Tertiary treatment

Ion exchange: all nitrates are soluble and are thus more difficult to remove. Resins or zeolites can be used to exchange the nitrate ions in polluted water with hydroxide ions. Positive ions can also be exchanged with H+ ions. The resulting OH- and H+ will then combine for form water.



4. Reverse Osmosis



Reference

- Environmental Chemistry, Dr. Parveen Bhairo, Pradeep's Publications.
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Water_pollution
- Environmental Chemistry, Samir K. Banerji, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.



THANKS



