# WATER QUALITY STANDARD



# Tec hni cal Ter ms



- BIS (Bure au of Indian Standards)
- Desirable 1 imits
- Permissible 1 imit
- PPM
- NTU
- Hazen Units







# Colour, Hazen Units

IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 5 Hz. , Permissible : 25 Hz.
Risks or effects	Visible tint, acceptance decreases
Sources	Tannins, Iron, Copper, Manganese Natural deposits
Treatment	Filtration, Distillation, Reverse osmosis, Ozonisation

Odour	
IS 10500-1991	Unobjectionable
Risks or effects	Rotten egg, Musty, Chemical
Sources	Chlorine, Hydrogen sulphide, Organic matter, Septic contamination, Methane gas
Treatment	Activated carbon, Air stripping, oxidation, Filtration

pH	
IS 10500- 1991	Desirable :6.5 – 8.5, Permissible :No relaxation
Risks or effects	Low pH - corrosion, metallic taste High pH – bitter/soda taste, deposits
Sources	Natural
Treatment	Increase pH by soda ash Decrease pH with white vinegar / citric acid

npared to dist	tilled water	Examples of solutions at this pri
10,000,000	pH = 0	Battery acid, strong hydrofluoric acid
1,000,000	pH = 1	Hydrochloric acid secerted by stomach lining
100,000	pH = 2	Lemon juice, gastric acid, vinegar
10,000	$[\beta H]=8$	Grapefruit, orange juice, soda
1,000	jelii ⊨ 4	Tomato juice, acid rain
100	pH = 5	Soft drinking water, black coffee
10	pH = 6	Urine, saliva
1	pH = 7	"Pure" water
1/10	pH = 8	Seawater
1/100	pH = 9	Baking soda
1/1,000	pH = 10	Great Salt Lake, milk of magnesia
1/10,000	pH = 11	Ammonia solution
1/100,000	pH = 12	Soapy water
1/1,000,000	pH = 13	Bleach, oven cleaner
/10,000,000	pH = 14	Liquid drain cleaner



### Tot al Dissolved Solids (TDS)

IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 500 mg/l , Permissible : 2000 mg/l
Risks or effects	Hardness, scaly deposits, sediment, cloudy colored water, staining, salty or bitter taste, corrosion of pipes and fittings
Sources	Livestock waste, septic system Landfills, nature of soil Hazardous waste landfills Dissolved minerals, iron and manganese
Treatment	Reverse Osmosis, Distillation, deionization by ion exchange

Iar dnes s

IS 10500-1991 Desirable :300 mg/l , Permissible : 600 mg/l

**Risks or effects** | Scale in utensils and hot water system, soap scums

Sources Dissolved calcium and magnesium from soil and aquifer minerals containing limestone or dolomite

Treatment Water Softener Ion Exchanger, Reverse Osmosis

http://www.portatreatment.com/yours.htm

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IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 200 mg/l , Permissible : 600 mg/lit	
Risks or effects	Low Alkalinity (i.e. high acidity) causes deterioration of plumbing and increases the chance for many heavy metals in water are present in pipes, solder or plumbing fixtures.	
Sources	Pipes, landfills Hazardous waste landfills	VII VII
Treatment	Neutralizing agent	S S

iron 26 Fe 55.845	
IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 0.3 mg/l , Permissible : 1.0 mg/l
Risks or effects	Brackish color, rusty sediment, bitter or metallic taste, brown- green stains, iron bacteria, discolored beverages
Sources	Leaching of cast iron pipes in water distribution systems Natural
Treatment	Oxidizing Filter, Green-sand Mechanical Filter

manganese 25 Mn 54.938	<image/>
IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 0.1 mg/l , Permissible : 0.3 mg/l
Risks or effects	Brownish color, black stains on laundry and fixtures at .2 mg/l, bitter taste, altered taste of water-mixed beverages
Sources	Landfills Deposits in rock and soil
Treatment	Ion Exchange , Chlorination, Oxidizing Filter , Green-sand Mechanical Filter



## Sul phat e

IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 200 mg/l, Permissible : 400 mg/l	
Risks or effects	Bitter, medicinal taste, scaly deposits, corrosion, laxative effects, "rotten-egg" odour from hydrogen sulphide gas formation	
Sources	Animal sewage, septic system, sewage By-product of coal mining, industrial waste Natural deposits or salt	
Sulphate Treatment	Ion Exchange, Distillation, Reverse Osmosis	

NO <sub>3</sub> -	<image/>
Nit r at e	
IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 45 mg/l, Permissible : 100 mg/lit
Risks or effects	Methemoglobinemia or blue baby disease in infant
Sources	Livestock facilities, septic systems, manure lagoons, Household waste water, Fertilizers, Natural Deposits,
Treatment	Ion Exchange, Distillation, Reverse Osmosis

CI		
Chlor i de		
IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 250 mg/l , Permissible : 1000 mg/l	
Risks or effects	High blood pressure, salty taste, corroded pipes, fixtures and appliances, blackening and pitting of stainless steel	
Sources	Fertilizers Industrial wastes Minerals, seawater	
Treatment	Reverse Osmosis, Distillation, Activated Carbon	

fluorine 9 F 18.998 Fl uor ide	
IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 1.0 mg/l, Permissible : 1.5 mg/l
Risks or effects	Brownish discoloration of teeth, bone damage
Sources	Industrial waste Geological
Treatment	Activated Alumina, Distillation, Reverse Osmosis, Ion Exchange

arsenic 33 As 74.922	
IS:10500-1991	Desirable: 0.05 mg/l Permissible: No relaxation
Risks or effects	Weight loss; Depression; Lack of energy; Skin and nervous system toxicity
Sources	Previously used in pesticides (orchards) Improper waste disposal or product storage of glass or electronics, Mining Rocks
Treatment	Activated Alumina Filtration, Reverse Osmosis, Distillation, Chemical Precipitation, Ion exchange, lime softening

chromium 24 Cr 51.996 Chr omi um	
IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 0.05 mg/l, Permissible : No relaxation
Risks or effects	Skin irritation, skin and nasal ulcers, lung tumors, gastrointestinal effects, damage to the nervous system and circulatory system, accumulates in the spleen, bones, kidney and liver
Sources	Septic systems Industrial discharge, mining sites Geological
Treatment	Ion Exchange, Reverse Osmosis, Distillation



Sources treatment Industrial and mining waste, wood preservatives Natural deposits

Treatment Ion Exchange, Reverse Osmosis, Distillation



# Cyani de

IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 0.05 mg/l, Permissible : No relaxation
Risks or effects	Thyroid, nervous system damage
Sources	Fertilizer Electronics, steel, plastics mining
Treatment	Ion Exchange, Reverse Osmosis, Chlorination





# Merc ury

IS 10500-1991	Desirable : 0.001 mg/l, Permissible : No relaxation		
Risks or effects	Loss of vision and hearing, intellectual deterioration, kidney and nervous system disorders, death at high levels		
Sources	Fungicides Batteries, fungicides Mining, electrical equipment, plant, paper and vinyl chloride Natural deposits		
Treatment	Reverse Osmosis, Distillation		

zinc 30 <b>Zn</b> 65.39	
Zi nc	
IS 10500-1991	Desirable :5 mg/l, Permissible : 15 mg/l
Risks or effects	Metallic taste
Sources	Leaching of galvanized pipes and fittings, paints, dyes Natural deposits
Treatment	Ion Exchange Water Softeners, Reverse Osmosis, Distillation



## Tot al Coliform Bacteria

IS 10500-1991	95% of samples should not contain coliform in 100 ml 10 coliform / 100ml
Risks or effects	Gastrointestinal illness
Sources	Livestock facilities, septic systems, manure lagoons Household waste water Naturally occurring
Treatment	Chlorination, Ultraviolet, Distillation, Iodination



### E. c ol if or m Bac t er i a

IS 10500-1991	Nil / 100ml
Risks or effects	Gastrointestinal illness
Sources	Livestock facilities, septic systems, manure lagoons Household waste water Naturally occurring
Treatment	Chlorination, Ultraviolet, Distillation, Iodination

#### HEALTH EFFECTS OF CHEMICAL PARAMETERS

Parameter	BIS Guideline value (maximum allowable)	General & Health effect
Total dissolved solids	2000 mg/L	Undesirable taste; gastro intestinal irritations; corrosion or incrustation
РН	6.5-8.5	Affects mucous membrane; bitter taste; corrosion; affects aquatic life
Alkalinity	600 mg/L	Boiled rice turns yellowish
Hardness	600 mg/L	Poor lathering with soap; deterioration of the quality of clothes; scale forming; skin irritation; boiled meat and food become poor in quality
Calcium	200	Poor lathering and deterioration of the quality of clothes; incrustation in pipes; scale formation
Magnesium	100	Poor lathering and deterioration of clothes; with sulfate laxative
Iron	1.0	Poor or sometimes bitter taste, color and turbidity; staining of clothes materials; iron bacteria causing slime
Manganese	0.3	Poor taste, color and turbidity; staining; black slime

#### HEALTH EFFECTS OF CHEMICAL PARAMETERS

Parameter	BIS Guideline value (maximum allowable)	General & Health effect
Aluminum	0.2	Neurological disorders; Alzheimer's disease
Copper	1.5	Liver damage; mucosal irritation, renal damage and depression; restricts growth of aquatic plants
Zinc	15	Astringent taste; opalescence in water; gastro intestinal irritation; vomiting, dehydration, abdominal pain, nausea and dizziness
Ammonia	-	Indicates pollution; growth of algae
Nitrite	-	Forms nitrosoamines which are carcinogenic
Nitrate	100	Blue baby disease (methemoglobineamia); algal growth
Sulfate	400	Taste affected; laxative effect; gastro intestinal irritation
Chloride	1000	Taste affected; corrosive
Fluoride	1.5	Dental and skeletal fluorosis; non-skeletal

### HEA LTH EFFEC TS OF CHEMICAL PARAMETERS

Parameter	BIS Guideline value (maximum allowable)	General & Health effect
Phosphate	-	Algal growth
Arsenic	0.05	Toxic; bio-accumulation; central nervous system affected; carcinogenic
Mercury	0.001	Highly toxic; causes 'minamata' disease-neurological impairment and renal disturbances; mutagenic
Cadmium	0.01	Highly toxic; causes 'itai-itai' disease-painful rheumatic condition; cardio vascular system affected; gastro intestinal upsets and hyper tension
Lead	0.05	Causes plumbism-tiredness, lassitudes, abdominal discomfort, irritability, anaemia; bio-accumulation; impaired neurological and motor development, and damage to kidneys
Chromium	0.05	Carcinogenic; ulcerations, respiratory problems and skin
Pesticide	0.001	complaints Affects central nervous system
Detergen	-	Undesirable foaming